

COUNTING IN FRACTIONAL STEPS							
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
	Pupils should count in fractions up to 10, starting from any number and using the1/2 and 2/4 equivalence on the number line (Non Statutory Guidance)	count up and down in tenths	count up and down in hundredths				
		RECOGNISIN	G FRACTIONS				
recognise, find and name	recognise, find, name and	recognise, find and write	recognise that hundredths	recognise and use			
a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape	write fractions $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{4}$	fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions	arise when dividing an object by one hundred	thousandths and relate them to tenths,			
or quantity	set of objects or quantity	and non-unit fractions with small denominators	and dividing tenths by ten	hundredths and decimal equivalents (appears also in Equivalence)			
		recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one – digit					
		numbers or quantities by 10.					
recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity		recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators					
COMPARING FRACTIONS							
		compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators		compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number	compare and order fractions, including fractions >1		



COMPARING DECIMALS						
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
			compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places	read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places	identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places	
	1	1	ROUNDING INCLUDING	DECIMALS	1	
			round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number	round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place	solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy	
		EQUIVALENCE	(INCLUDING FRACTIONS, DE	CIMALS AND PERCENTAGES)		
	write simple fractions e.g. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.	recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators	recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions	identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths	use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination	
			recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths	read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$) recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents	associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. $\frac{3}{8}$)	
			recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$	recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with	recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.	



			denominator 100 as a decimal fraction					
ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF FRACTIONS								
Year 1	. Ye	ar 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
		add a with deno whol	and subtract fractions the same minator within one e (e.g. $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$)	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number (e.g. $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5}$ = $1^{1}/_{5}$)	add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions		
		N	ULTIPLICATION AND	DIVISION OF FRACTIONS				
					multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials	multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$)		
					and diagrams	multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers		
						divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$)		



MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION OF DECIMALS						
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
					multiply one-digit	
					numbers with up to two	
					decimal places by whole	
					numbers	
			find the effect of dividing		multiply and divide	
			a one- or two-digit		numbers by 10, 100 and	
			number by 10 and 100,		1000 where the answers	
			identifying the value of		are up to three decimal	
			the digits in the answer as		places	
			ones, tenths and			
			hundredths			
					identify the value of each	
					digit to three decimal	
					places and multiply and	
					divide numbers by 10, 100	
					and 1000 where the	
					answers are up to three	
					decimal places	
					associate a fraction with	
					division and calculate	
					decimal fraction	
					equivalents (e.g. 0.375)	
					for a simple fraction	
					(e.g. ³ / ₈)	
					use written division	
					methods in cases where	
					the answer has up to two	
					decimal places	



PROBLEM SOLVING							
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
		solve problems that	solve problems involving	solve problems involving			
		involve all of the above	increasingly harder	numbers up to three			
			fractions to calculate	decimal places			
			quantities, and fractions				
			to divide quantities,				
			including non-unit				
			fractions where the				
			answer is a whole number				
			solve simple measure and	solve problems which			
			money problems involving	require knowing			
			fractions and decimals to	percentage and decimal			
			two decimal places.	equivalents of $1/2, 1/4, 1/5,$			
				$^{2}/_{5}$, $^{4}/_{5}$ and those with a			
				denominator of a multiple			
				of 10 or 25.			